

MOORESTOWN

MONEY TALK™

**Our Local Newsletter
to Manage Money Better**

Market Volatility: A Normal Part of the Investment Experience

Special Edition May 2022



Greetings Neighbors,

With over 50 years of combined experience, Apex serves commercial and residential clients in southern New Jersey from our hometown of Moorestown.

This newsletter is designed to help you manage your money well. We believe in taking a holistic approach to managing your finances – from taxes to investments to retirement.

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Market Volatility

Introduction

Baseball legend Yogi Berra once said, "It's tough to make predictions, especially about the future." This holds true when it comes to timing the stock market. Investment markets have recently experienced a few years of very strong returns, but market volatility has returned in early 2022 in a big way. Veteran investors understand that market volatility is a part of the investment experience.

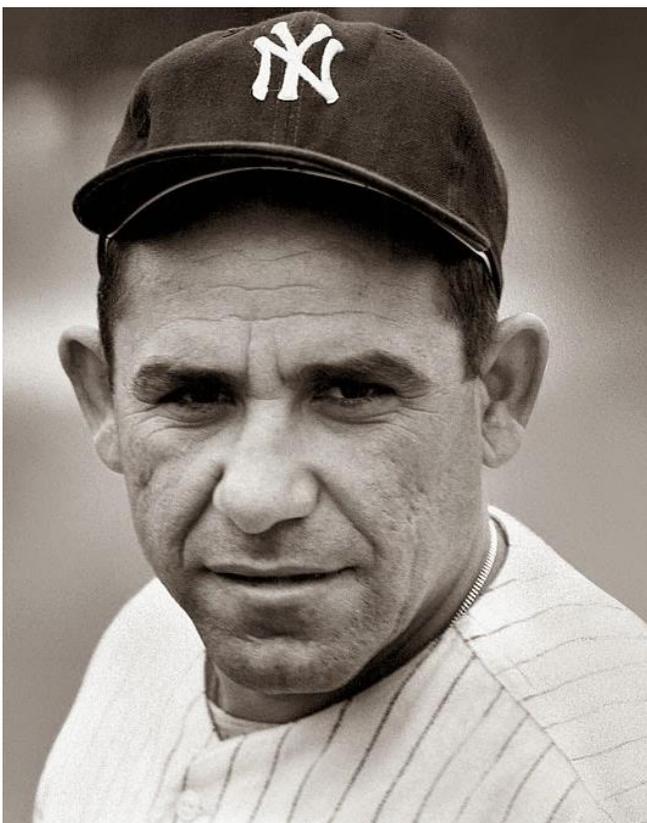
Stock market volatility is the frequency and magnitude of price movements, up or down. The bigger and more frequent the price swings, the more

volatile the market is said to be. For example, when the stock market rises and falls more than one percent over a sustained period of time, it is called a "volatile" market.

Beyond the market as a whole, individual stocks can be considered volatile as well. You can calculate volatility by looking at how much an asset's price varies from its average price. Standard deviation is the statistical measure commonly used to represent volatility. During volatile times, some stocks are more volatile than others. Shares of an established large blue-chip company may not make very big price swings, while shares of a high flying and newer tech company may do so often.

Stock market volatility can speed up when external events create uncertainty. Currently, the potential conflict overseas, the Federal Reserve's shift in policy and the resurgence of inflation have all been noted as contributing factors to the recent equity market volatility.

Volatility doesn't mean that stocks are headed for a down or long-lasting bear market. Even when there are market declines along the way, an investor can still experience reasonable returns over a long period of time.



Market Volatility

Why is Volatility Important?

By understanding how volatility works, you can put yourself in a better position to evaluate stock market conditions as a whole. You can analyze the risk involved with any particular security and construct a stock portfolio that is a great fit for your growth objectives and risk tolerance.

It's important for investors to be aware that volatility and risk are not the same thing. For stock traders who look to buy low and sell high every trading day, volatility and risk are deeply intertwined. Volatility also matters for those who may need to sell their equities in a short time-frame, such as those who are older and closer to retirement.

For long-term investors who tend to hold equities for many years, the day-to-day movements of those equities should not affect their long-term plan. Volatility is part of the noise that could come while you are allowing your investments to compound long into the future.

Long-term investing still involves risks, but those risks, are most of the time, related to being wrong about a company's growth prospects or paying too high a price for that growth -- not volatility.



Investor Education

A Quick Review of Some Market Terms

Oftentimes, we hear the wrong words used in the wrong context. For educational purposes, we feel it is important to clarify some stock market words and their definitions.

“Dip” - a short-lived downturn from a sustained longer-term uptrend.

Example: Equity markets increased by 5% and maintained that level and then dipped back down to 3% all within a few days or weeks.

“Correction” - a 10% drop in the market from recent highs. Historically corrections occur an average of about every eight to 12 months and last about 54 days. (thebalance.com 3/9/20)

Example: On December 17, 2018, both the DJIA and the S&P 500 dropped over 10% and declines continued into early January.

“Bear Market” - a long, sustained decline in the stock market. If the market declines 20% from its recent high, this is considered the start of a bear market.

Example: On Wednesday, March 11, 2020, The DJIA dropped 5.9%, for a total decline of 20.2% from a record high on February 12, 2020.

“Crash” - a sudden and dramatic drop in stock prices, often on a single day or week. Crashes are rare, but typically happen after a long-term uptrend in the market.

Example: In 1929 the market crashed when it lost 48% in less than two months, ushering in the Great Depression.

Common Market Terminology	
% Drop	Typically Referred To As:
Less than 5%	Dip
5 to 10%	Pullback
10% +	Correction
20% +	Bear Market

Stock market crash: A sudden and significant decline in equity prices over a very short time period.

Market Volatility & You

Position Yourself to Best Navigate Market Volatility

No matter what equity markets are doing, your plan should align itself with these three items.

1. Your investing goals
2. Your financial timeline
3. Your risk tolerance

Four things an investor should know about a volatile market.

One of the main reasons investors can get high returns over the long run is because occasionally they experienced and lived through downturns in the short run. Please note that:

1. Volatile times can create market drops that can be **UNCOMFORTABLE**, but they are not **UNFAMILIAR**. Downturns are a part of the investment experience.
2. Equity markets always offer **EXIT** and **ENTRY** points. Over long periods of time, down markets are many times the best entry point for new or additional monies.
3. You make money in equities, when you **BUY LOW** and **SELL HIGH**. A bad emotional decision can lose an investor more money than any market correction.
4. Call us if you are concerned. We are here for you!

Your Investing Goals

Every investor has unique goals they would like to attain. Knowing what your goals are is the first step to creating a path to achieve them. Your goals will determine your time horizon and risk tolerance.



Market Volatility & You

Your Financial Timeline

Focus on your personal timeline instead of trying to time the market. During downturns, it may be tempting to pull out of the market, but you may miss out on a healthy recovery. Try to plan for your equity investments to maintain a long-term horizon and ignore the short-term fluctuations.

Remember, short-term movements of the market are unpredictable and do not abide by any average. For many long-term investors there is no reason to even subject themselves to daily market headlines. If you have a long-term investment horizon for your equity holdings of at least five years, chances are the current volatility will pass - possibly in a couple of weeks, months or at the most, a few years.

According to a JP Morgan analysis, even missing a few days of a market recovery can be costly. This analysis looked at the S&P 500 over a 20-year period (January 2000 to December 2019). Investors who stayed fully invested would have earned more than 6% annually. However, those investors who missed just ten of the days with the highest daily returns would have earned only 3% annually. During those 20 years, six out of the ten best days occurred within two weeks of one of the worst 10 days.



Market Volatility & You

Your Risk Tolerance

Risk tolerance is the level of uncertainty you are willing to accept in order to reap potentially greater rewards. Knowing what your risk tolerance is, or risk awareness, should be part of your financial plan. **As your financial professional, one of our primary goals is to help you create a plan that considers your risk tolerance. If you are not sure what your risk tolerance is, please call us and we will help you assess and determine this for you.**

Declines are a normal part of the investment cycle S&P 500 Composite Index (1949- 2020)	
Size of Decline	Average Frequency
-5% or more	About 3x per year
-10% or more	About once per year
-15% or more	About once every 3.5 years
-20% or more	About once every 6 years

Sources: Capital Group, RIMES, Standard & Poor's

Volatility vs Risk

Volatility and risk are not the same thing. When a stock is volatile, it means that it tends to make big moves (up or down). When a stock is risky, it means that it can lose money (go down). In financial terms, risk is the potential permanent loss of money whereas volatility is how rapidly an investment tends to change in price. Volatility does not just imply risk of loss – it simply refers to the price action. Some investments may be more volatile than others. Equity investments as a category are much more volatile than a bank deposit, but that does not mean an investor should avoid investments in equities. Just because an investment is more “volatile” does not necessarily mean it is “riskier” in the long term. Investors should always discuss with their financial professional the potential of short-term volatility affecting the daily value of their investments and plan their investments accordingly.

Market Volatility & You

What Should An Investor Do In A Volatile Market?

First, make sure you know what not to do: and that is panic. In times of market volatility, investors tend to become unnerved and anxious. This is usually not the best mindset to make rational decisions.

When equity markets experience unsettling fluctuations, we suggest you ask yourself three questions:

- Have my financial timelines changed?
- Have my financial goals changed?
- Has my risk tolerance changed?

If you can answer “YES” to any of these questions, we highly suggest that you discuss these changes with us. As an investor, you need a plan that includes risk awareness. One of our primary responsibilities as your financial professional is to help create a plan with risk awareness. We know that an integral part of this is to consistently keep in touch with you and monitor your situation.

If you have concerns, some questions to ask us include:

- Can we review my financial plan?
- Can we revisit my risk tolerance?
- Are my investments diversified?
- Has the volatility presented any good opportunities?



Market Volatility & You

What Should An Investor Do In A Volatile Market? (cont.)

Regardless of whether equities are rising or falling, investors should always put their main focus on their own personal objectives.

This includes:

- Making sure you are comfortable with your time horizons.
 - Re-assessing your risk tolerance.
 - Re-confirming your investments are compatible with both your time horizon and risk tolerance.
- Maintaining liquidity for all short-term and near-term needs.

Market volatility should cause concern, but panic is not a plan. Market downturns do happen and so do recoveries. It is always healthy to confirm that you fully understand your time horizons, goals, and risk tolerances. Looking at your entire picture can be a helpful exercise in determining your strategy.

It is always helpful to make sure you are comfortable with your investments. Equity markets will always have the potential to move up and down. Even if your time horizons are long, you could see some short-term downward movements in your portfolios. Make sure your investing plan is centered on your personal goals and timelines. Peaks and valleys have always been a part of financial markets and it is highly likely that trend will continue.



Conclusion

Discuss Any Concerns With Us!

We are always available to revisit your financial holdings to make sure they are still congruent with your timeline goals and risk tolerance.

As a reminder, please keep us apprised of any changes such as health issues or changes in your retirement goals. The more knowledge we have about your unique financial situation the better equipped we will be to best advise you.

We pride ourselves in offering:

- consistent and strong communication,
- a schedule of regular client meetings, and
- continuing education for every member of our team on the issues that affect our clients.

If you'd like to discuss your situation with us, please call our office.

“Our primary responsibility is to focus on your personal financial goals.

We still maintain our “proceed with caution” approach. If your risk tolerance or goals have changed, or if you have any questions or concerns, please call us.”



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Conclusion



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Sources: JP Morgan.com; thebalance.com; Contents provided by the Academy of Preferred Financial Advisors, Inc.

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Financial Advice Tailored to Life



Retirement Accounts, Investments, Taxes... We make it all work together for you!



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Our mission is to provide our clients with sound tax preparation, advice and planning along with quality financial products that will help them to reach their goals and dreams.